Compliance Check

# Stimulus Bill Extends FFCRA Tax Credits but Not Leave Mandate

An <u>appropriations bill</u>, which was signed into law on Dec. 27, 2020, does not extend the leave mandates created by the Emergency Family and Medical Leave Expansion Act (EFMLA) and the Emergency Paid Sick Leave Act (EPSLA), which expire on Dec. 31, 2020.

As a result, the requirement for employers to provide employee paid sick leave and expanded family and medical leave under the Families First Coronavirus Response Act (FFCRA) will end on that date.

However, the bill does extend the time limit for employer tax credits for employee leave required by those laws. Specifically, the tax credits will continue to be available for employers that offer EFMLA and EPSLA leave through March 31, 2021.

## Tax Credits for Paid Leave Under FFCRA

The EFMLA and the EPSLA were passed as part of the FFCRA. The FFCRA also created tax credits for employers to cover certain costs of the employee leave required by the law: employee wages, health plan expenses allocable to those wages, and the employer's portion of the Medicare tax related to the wages.

The new bill does not change the FFCRA's original limits on the number of leave days and amount of wages eligible for tax credits.

## **FFCRA** Paid Leave

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# **Important Dates**

### March 18, 2020

The FFCRA was passed, containing the Emergency Paid Sick Leave Act and the Emergency Family and Medical Leave Expansion Act.

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### Dec. 31, 2020

FFCRA's requirements for employee paid sick leave and paid family and medical leave expire.

### March 31, 2021

Employer tax credits apply for FFCRA leave taken through this date.

Employers that provide FFCRA paid employee leave through March 31, 2021, are eligible for tax credits to cover leave costs.

The FFCRA requires businesses with fewer than 500 employees to provide employees up to 80 hours of paid sick leave for their own COVID-19-related health needs or to care for others. The Act also requires an additional 10 weeks of paid family leave to care for a child whose school or place of care was closed, or childcare provider was closed or unavailable, due to COVID-19. The law's paid leave requirements sunset on Dec. 31, 2020.

This bulletin is not intended to be exhaustive nor should any discussion or opinions be construed as legal advice. Readers should contact legal counsel for legal advice.